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Math 152-512

Assignment 2 (ch5: 11, 12, 14, 15; ch6: 1, 2)

Chapter 5:

11)

```
> restart;
```

```
Warning, the name changecoords has been redefined
```

```
Warning, the protected names norm and trace have been redefined and unprotected
```

```
> with(student):
```

```
> f:=x->x / (x^6 + 1);
```

$$f := x \rightarrow \frac{x}{x^6 + 1}$$

```
> Int(f(x), x);
```

$$\int \frac{x}{x^6 + 1} dx$$

```
> value(%);
```

$$\frac{1}{6} \ln(x^2 + 1) - \frac{1}{12} \ln(x^4 - x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} (2x^2 - 1) \sqrt{3}\right)$$

12)

```
> f:=x->tan(sqrt(x)) / (2 * sqrt(x));
```

$$f := x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \frac{\tan(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}}$$

```
> Int(f(x), x);
```

$$\int \frac{1}{2} \frac{\tan(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

```
> value(%);
```

$$-\ln(\cos(\sqrt{x}))$$

14)

```
> f:=x->(x^3 + x) / sqrt(1 + x^2);
```

$$f := x \rightarrow \frac{x^3 + x}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}}$$

```
> Int(f(x), x=-1..3);
```

$$\int_{-1}^3 \frac{x^3 + x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

> value(%);

$$\frac{10}{3}\sqrt{10} - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{2}$$

15)

> f:=x->sqrt((tan(x))^2 + 1);

$$f := x \rightarrow \sqrt{\tan(x)^2 + 1}$$

> Int(f(x), x = -Pi/4 .. Pi/4);

$$\int_{-1/4\pi}^{1/4\pi} \sqrt{\tan(x)^2 + 1} dx$$

> value(%);

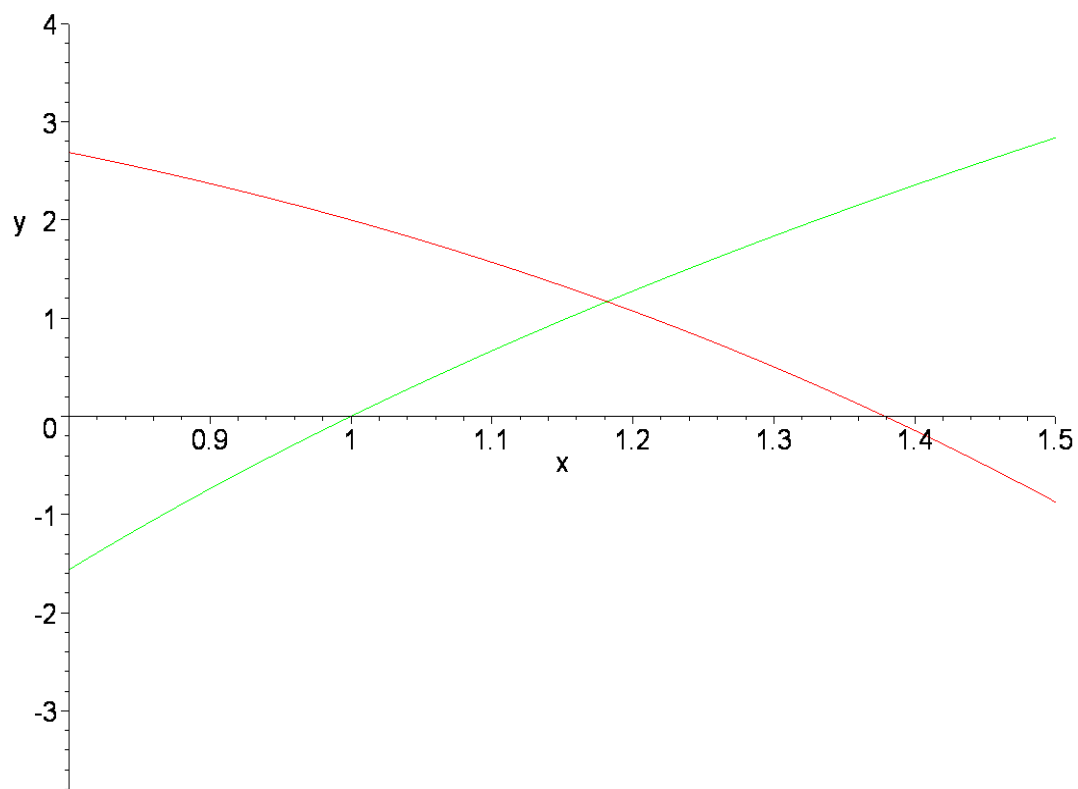
$$2 \ln(1 + \sqrt{2})$$

Chapter 6

1)

> f0:=7 * ln(x): f1:=4 - x^3 - x:

> plot({f0, f1}, x=0.8..1.5, y = -4..4);



> intersection:=fsolve(f0=f1, x);

```

intersection := 1.181653024
> f0_intersection := fsolve(f0, x);
f0_intersection := 1.
> f1_intersection := fsolve(f1, x);
f1_intersection := 1.378796700
> Int(f1-f0, x= f0_intersection .. intersection) + Int(f0-f1, x =
intersection .. f1_intersection);

```

$$\int_{1.}^{1.181653024} 4 - x^3 - x - 7 \ln(x) dx + \int_{1.181653024}^{1.378796700} 7 \ln(x) - 4 + x^3 + x dx$$

```

> value(%);
.4014402773

```

2)

(a)

```

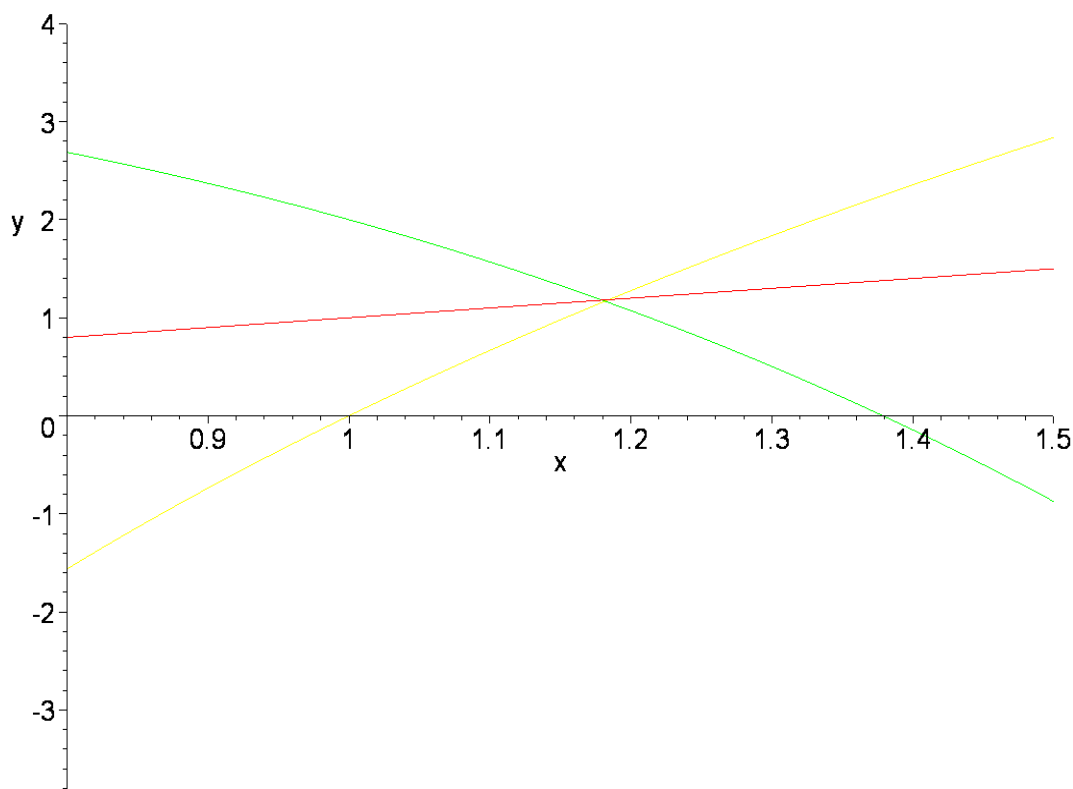
> rotational_line := x;
rotational_line := x

```

```

> plot({f0, f1, rotational_line}, x=0.8..1.5, y=-4..4);

```



```

> Int(Pi*((f1-f0)^2 - (rotational_line - f0)^2), x = f0_intersection
.. intersection) + Int(Pi*((f0-f1)^2 - (rotational_line - f1)^2),
x = intersection .. f1_intersection);

```

$$\int_{1.}^{1.181653024} \pi ((4 - x^3 - x - 7 \ln(x))^2 - (x - 7 \ln(x))^2) dx$$

$$+ \int_{1.181653024}^{1.378796700} \pi \left((7 \ln(x) - 4 + x^3 + x)^2 - (2x - 4 + x^3)^2 \right) dx$$